# **SA1E Miniature Photoelectric Switches**

# **Key features:**

- Seven sensing methods: through-beam, polarized retroreflective, small beam reflective, diffuse, background suppression, convergent, and transparent.
- 2m cable type and M8 connector.
- NPN output, PNP output, light ON, dark ON can be selected.
- Coaxial polarized retro-reflective type (SA1E-X) available for sensing transparent objects.
- Background suppression (SA1E-B) type detects objects only, ignoring the background.
- Red LED available for easy alignment in long distance applications (SA1E-T, -P, -N, and -B)
- Convergent reflective type (SA1E-G) is ideal for detecting objects at a short distance with a background.
- Also available without sensitivity adjustment (SA1E-T, -P)
- Air blower mounting block for installing an air blower to clean the lens surface. Ideal to maintain a clean lens surface and sensor performance.
- UL Listed and CE marked
- IP67







# **Photoelectric Switches**

Sensing Method			٦	Canaina Danas	Connection	Cable	Operation	Part No.	
Sens	Sensing Method		u	Sensing Range	Sensing Range Connection		Mode	NPN Output	PNP Output
		t t			Cable	2m	Light ON	SA1E-TN1-2M	SA1E-TP1-2M
		sitivi		( 10	Cable	ZIII	Dark ON	SA1E-TN2-2M	SA1E-TP2-2M
	$\cap$	w/Sensitivity Adjustment		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Cannastar		Light ON	SA1E-TN1C	SA1E-TP1C
	Infrared LED	≥ <			Connector	_	Dark ON	SA1E-TN2C	SA1E-TP2C
	frare	w/o Sensistivity Adjustment	Adjustifience	\( \) 15m	Cable	-	Light ON	SA1E-TN1-NA-2M	SA1E-TP1-NA-2M
	드					2m	Dark ON	SA1E-TN2-NA-2M	SA1E-TP2-NA-2M
sam					Connector	-	Light ON	SA1E-TN1C-NA	SA1E-TP1C-NA
Through-beam		0/w					Dark ON	SA1E-TN2C-NA	SA1E-TP2C-NA
hrou		т <del>(</del>			Cable	2m	Light ON	SA1E-TAN1-2M	SA1E-TAP1-2M
-	Red LED	sitivi			Cable	ZIII	Dark ON	SA1E-TAN2-2M	SA1E-TAP2-2M
	Red	w/Sensitivity Adjustment			C		Light ON	SA1E-TAN1C	SA1E-TAP1C
		§ ∢			Connector	_	Dark ON	SA1E-TAN2C	SA1E-TAP2C
	Class 1 Laser	sitivity			Cable	2m	Light ON/ Dark ON	SA1E-LTN3-2M	SA1E-LTP3-2M
		w/Sensitivity Adjustment	Adjustr		Connector	-	Light ON/ Dark ON	SA1E-LTN3C	SA1E-LTP3C

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Sensors

Communication

Photoe	Photoelectric Switches							
Sancin	Sensing Method		Sensing Range	Connection	Cable	Operation	Part No.	
Jensin	y wello	u	Sensing Hange	Connection	Length	Mode	NPN Output	PNP Output
tive	ive			Cable	2m	Light ON	SA1E-GN1-2M	SA1E-GP1-2M
ergent Reflec nfrared LED	y Adjust		5 to 35 mm  Connector –	ZIII	Dark ON	SA1E-GN2-2M	SA1E-GP2-2M	
nvergen Infrare	Convergent Reflective Infrared LED w/Sensitivity Adjustment			Connector	-	Light ON	SA1E-GN1C	SA1E-GP1C
Col						Dark ON	SA1E-GN2C	SA1E-GP2C
flective	te			Cable	2m	Light ON	SA1E-XN1-2M	SA1E-XP1-2M
rized Retro-re Red LED	/ Adjustm	Note: Reflector is not supplied and must be ordered separately. See characteristics diagrams on page 219.	2.0m (when using IAC-R9)  1.0m [100 mm] (when using IAC-R10)  1.0m [100 mm] (when using IAC-R11)	Cable	ZIII	Dark ON	SA1E-XN2-2M	SA1E-XP2-2M
Coaxial Polarized Retro-reflective Red LED	Sensitivity			Connector	-	Light ON	SA1E-XN1C	SA1E-XP1C
Coaxial	Coaxial   w/St					Dark ON	SA1E-XN2C	SA1E-XP2C

For more information, visit www.IDEC.com/sensors



# **Specifications**

Sensing Method	Through-beam	Polarized Retroreflective	Diffuse-reflective	Small-beam Reflective	Background Suppression (BGS)	Convergent Reflective	Transparent
Part No.	SA1E-□T	SA1E-□P	SA1E-D	SA1E-N	SA1E-□B	SA1E-G	SA1E-X
Power Voltage	Equipped with revers	ing range: 10 to 30V Dee-polarity protection	C)				
Current Draw	Projector: 15 mA Receiver: 20 mA Laser Receiver: 30 mA	30 mA with laser: 35 mA					20 mA maximum
Sensing Range	With sensitivity adjustment: 10m Laser models: 30m	With sensitivity adjustment: 2.5m (IAC-R5/R8) 1.5m (IAC-R6) 1.3m (IAC-RS2) 1.0m (IAC-RS1) 0.8m (IAC-R7□)¹ Laser models 0.3-10m Without sensitivity	700 mm (using 200 × 200 mm white mat paper)	50 to 150 mm (using 100 × 100 mm white mat paper)	20 mm to preset (using 200 × 200 mm white mat paper) with laser: 20 -	5 to 35 mm (using 100 × 100 mm white mat paper)	2m (when using IAC-R9)
	Without sensitivity adjustment: 15m	adjustment: 3.0m (IAC-R5/R8) 2.0m (IAC-R6) 1.4m (IAC-RS2) 1.1m (IAC-RS1) 1.0m (IAC-R7   ) 1	poper,		300mm		
Adjustable Sensing Range	_				40 to 200 mm with laser: 40-300mm	_	_
Detectable Object	Opaque		Opaque/Transparent		Opaque	Opaque/ Transparent	Opaque, transpar ent and mirror-lik objects
Hysteresis	_		20% maximum		10% maximum	20% maximum	_
Response Time	1 ms maximum with laser: 250us						500 μs maximum
Sensitivity Adjustment		t.	60°) ctive type are also avai	_	Adjustable using a potentiometer (approx. 260°)	Adjustable using a potentiometer (approx. 240°)	
Sensing Range Adjustment	_				6-turn control knob	_	_
Light Source Element	Infrared LED Red LED Red laser diode	Red LED Red laser diode	Infrared LED	Red LED	Red LED Red laser diode	Infrared LED	Red LED
Operation Mode	Light ON/Dark ON						
Control Output	NPN open collector or PNP open collector 30V DC, 100 mA maximum Voltage drop: 1.2V maximum (BGS type: 2V maximum) Short-circuit protection						
LED Indicators	Operation LED: Stable LED: Green Power LED: Green (Ti	Yellow hrough-beam type proj	Operation LED: Yellow Stable LED: None	Operation LED: Yellow Stable LED: Green	Operation LED: Yellow Stable LED: None		
Interference Prevention	— Two units can be mounted in close proximity.						· 
Degree of Protection	IP67 (IEC 60529)						
Extraneous Light Immunity	Sunlight: 10,000 lux r	naximum, Incandescen	t lamp: 5,000 lux maxii	mum (at receiver)			
Operating Temperature	–25 to +55°C (no free	ezing)					
Operating Humidity	35 to 85% RH (no cor	ndensation)					
Storage Temperature	-40 to +70°C (no free	ezing)					
Insulation Resistance	Between live part and	d mounting bracket: 20	$M\Omega$ maximum (500V $\Gamma$	OC megger)			

# Specifications, con't

Sensing Method		Through-beam	Polarized Retroreflective	Diffuse-reflective	Small-beam Reflective	Background Suppression (BGS)	Convergent Reflective	Transparent		
Part No.		SA1E-T	SA1E-P	SA1E-D	SA1E-N	SA1E-B	SA1E-G	SA1E-X		
Dielectric S	trength	Between live part and	d mounting bracket: 100	00V AC, 50/60 Hz, 1 mii	nute					
Vibration Re	esistance	Damage limits: 10 to	55 Hz, Amplitude 0.75	mm, 20 cycles in each o	of 3 axes					
Shock Resis	stance	Damage limits: 500 m	n/s², 10 shocks in each	of 3 axes						
Material		Housing: PC/PBT, Len	Housing: PC/PBT, Lens: PC (Polarized retroreflective / coaxial polarized retro-reflective: PMMA), Indicator cover: PC							
Attachment	S	Instruction sheet								
Weight	Cable Model	Projector: 30g Laser Projector: 35g Receiver: 30g <sup>2</sup> Laser Receiver: 35g	30g <sup>2</sup> with laser: 35g			35g <sup>3</sup>	30g <sup>2</sup>	35g <sup>3</sup>		
(approx.)	Connector Model	Projector: 10g Laser Projector: 20g Receiver: 10g Laser Receiver: 20g with Laser 20g			20g	10g	20g			
Connection Method	Cable Model	ø3.5 mm, 3-core, 0.2 mm², 1-m vinyl cabtyre cable (2-core for the projector of through-bea		m type)						
	Connector Model	M8 connector (4-pin)								



 Maintain at least the distance shown below between the SA1E photoelectric switch and reflector. IAC-R5/R6/R7□/R8: 100 mm

IAC-RS1/RS2: 150 mm
The detection distance cannot be guaranteed if the reflector is deformed or the tape type reflector is applied on uneven surface.

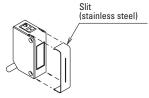
- 2. Cable length: 1m (50g when the cable length is 2m, 55g for laser models. 110g when the cable length is 5m, 120g for laser models.)
- 3. Cable length: 1m (55g when the cable length is 2m. 120g when the cable length is 5m.)
- 4. For laser models insert L in place of □.

# **Slit and Sensing Range**

A slit, which changes the beam size of through-beam sensors, can easily be attached to the sensing side of the through-beam projector and receiver. Three different slit widths are available.

Slit		w/Sensitivity Adjustment				w/o Sensitivity Adjustment			
		Sensing F	Range (m)		Detectable 'idth (mm)	Sensing Range (m)		Minimum Detectable Object Width (mm)	
Part No.	Slit Width: A	Used on one side	Used on both sides	Used on one side	Used on both sides	Used on one side	Used on both sides	Used on one side	Used on both sides
SA9Z-S06	0.5 mm	2.5	1.0	7.0	0.5	5.0	1.5	7.0	0.5
SA9Z-S07	1.0 mm	3.5	1.5	7.0	1.0	7.0	3.0	7.0	1.0
SA9Z-S08	2.0 mm	6.0	3.5	7.0	2.0	9.0	5.5	7.0	2.0
SA9Z-S09	0.5 mm	2.0	0.7	7.0	0.4	4.0	1.5	7.0	0.5
SA9Z-S10	1.0 mm	3.0	1.5	7.0	0.7	7.0	2.5	7.0	0.8
SA9Z-S11	2.0 mm	5.5	3.0	7.0	1.5	9.0	5.0	7.0	1.5
SA9Z-S12	0.5 mm	0.8	0.08	5.0	0.3	1.3	0.1	5.0	0.5
SA9Z-S13	1.0 mm	1.5	0.3	5.0	0.6	2.5	0.3	5.0	0.6
SA9Z-S14	2.0 mm	2.5	1.2	5.0	1.5	5.5	1.6	5.0	1.7
a Head	Used as an edd Office attached as the continue of								

The slit can be pressed to snap onto the front easily.



Horizontal slits and round slits have an orientation. Make sure that the TOP marking comes on top of the sensor (LED side).

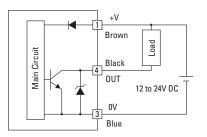


Used on one side: Slit is attached to the receiver only.

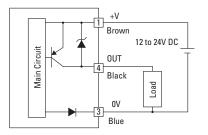


# **Output Circuit & Wiring Diagram**

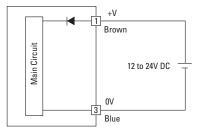
# **NPN Output**



# **PNP Output**



# Through-beam Type Projector



(Connector Pin Assignment)

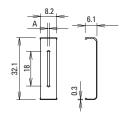


(Connector Pin Assignment)



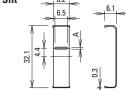
# **Dimensions (mm)**

**Vertical Slit** SA9Z-S06 SA9Z-S07 SA9Z-S08

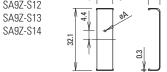


**Horizontal Slit** SA9Z-S09 SA9Z-S10

SA9Z-S11



**Round Slit** SA9Z-S12 SA9Z-S13



Material: Stainless Steel

# **Cable Model**

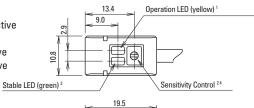
Through-beam



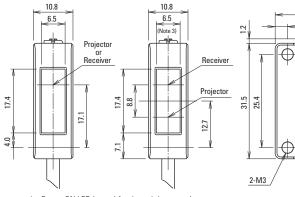
Polarized retroreflective Diffuse-reflective Small-beam reflective Convergent reflective



- Through-beam
- · Polarized retroreflective
- Diffuse-reflective
- Small-beam reflective
- Convergent Reflective



3.4





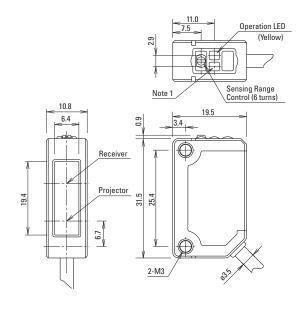
- Power ON LED (green) for through-beam projector No sensitivity control and stable LED are attached on the through-beam projector.
- 5.2 mm for polarized retroreflective type
- No sensitivity control is installed on the type without sensitivity adjustment.

# **Cable Model**Background Suppression (BGS)





Stable LED is not provided on the background suppression type.



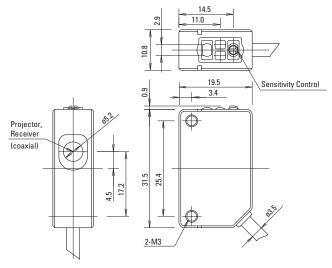
# **Cable Model**

Coaxial Polarized Retro-reflective





1. Stable LED is not provided on the coaxial polarized retro-reflective type.



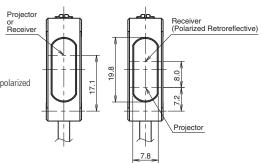
# **Cable Model (Laser)**

Through-beam Polarized Retroreflective Background Suppression

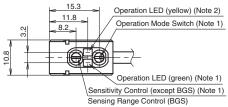


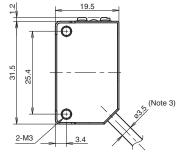


Stable LED is not provided on the coaxial polarized retro-reflective type.



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# **Connector Model**



Polarized retroreflective Diffuse-reflective Small-beam reflective Convergent reflective

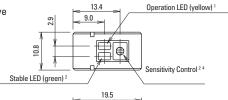


• Through-beam • Polarized retroreflective

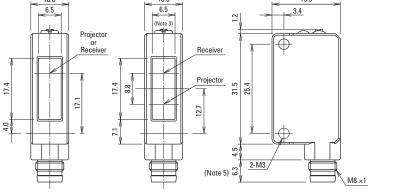
Diffuse-reflective

Small-beam reflective

• Convergent Reflective



Operation LED



1 2

- 1. Power ON LED (green) for through-beam projector
- 2. No sensitivity control and stable LED are attached on the through-beam projector.
- 5.2 mm for polarized retroreflective type
- 4. No sensitivity control is installed on the type without sensitivity adjustment.

# **Connector Model**

Background Suppression (BGS)





- Stable LED is not provided on the background suppression type.
- The connector length is 18 mm when a right-angle connector cable.

# Note 2) Company (Note 2

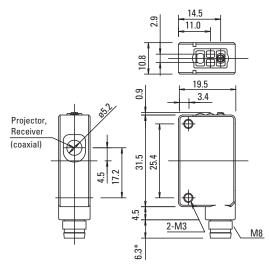
# **Connector Model**

Coaxial Polarized Retro-reflective



A

 Stable LED is not provided on the coaxial polarized retro-reflective type.

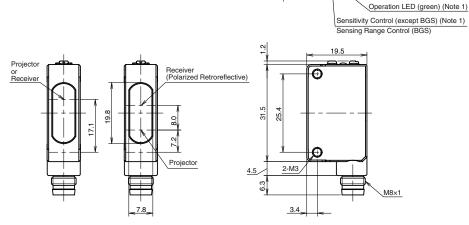




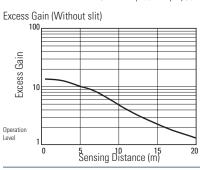


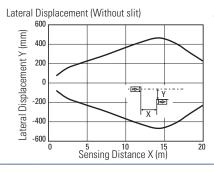


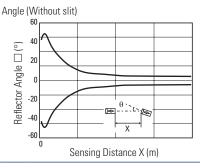
Stable LED is not provided on the coaxial polarized retro-reflective type.



SA1E-T (Infrared LED w/sensitivity adjustment) 1-1. Through-beam SA1E-TA (Red LED) w/sensitivity adjustment)





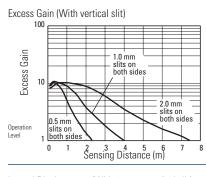


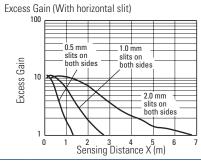
Operation LED (yellow) (Note 2)

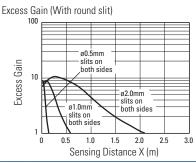
Operation Mode Switch (Note 1)

11.8

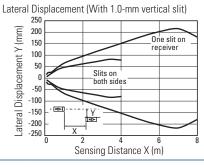
8.2

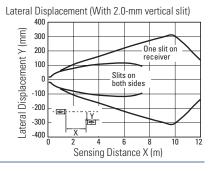




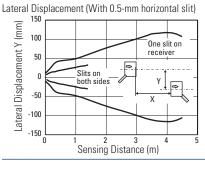


Lateral Displacement (With 0.5-mm vertical slit) -ateral Displacement Y (mm) 150 100 One slit on receiver 50 hoth sides -50 -100 -150 -200 Sensing Distance (m)

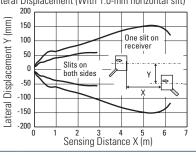


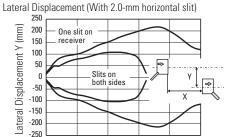


# **Characteristics (Typical)**

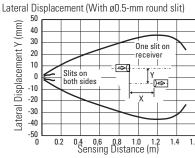


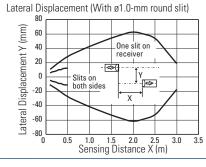


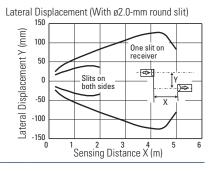




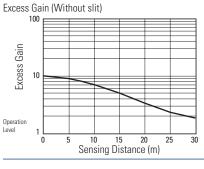
Sensing Distance X (m)

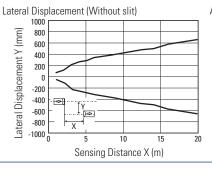


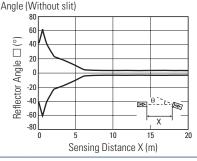


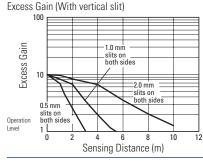


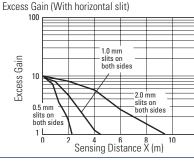
### SA1E-T -NA (Infrared LED w/o sensitivity adjustment) 1-2. Through-beam

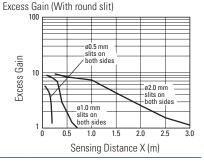


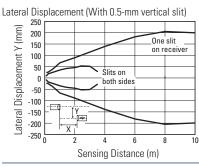


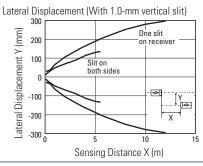


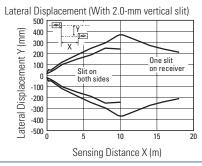




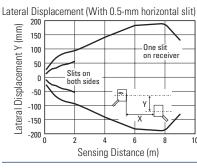


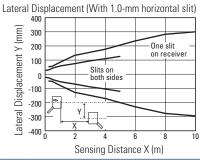


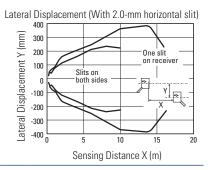




# **Characteristics (Typical)**







Lateral Displacement (With Ø0.5-mm round slit)

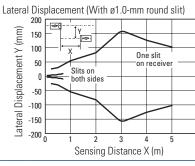
One slit
on receiver

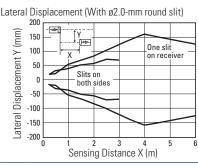
Slits on both sides

One slit
on receiver

X

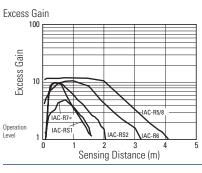
Sensing Distance (m)

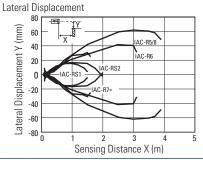


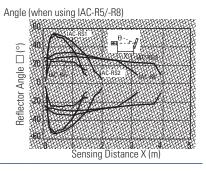


2-1. Polarized Retroreflective

SA1E-P (Red LED w/sensitivity adjustment)

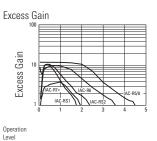


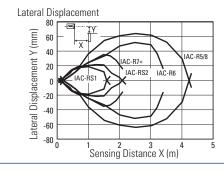


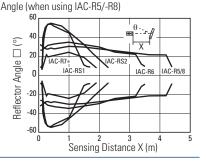


2-2. Polarized Retroreflective

SA1E-P□-NA (Red LED w/o sensitivity adjustment)



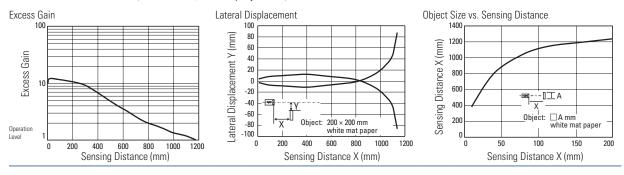




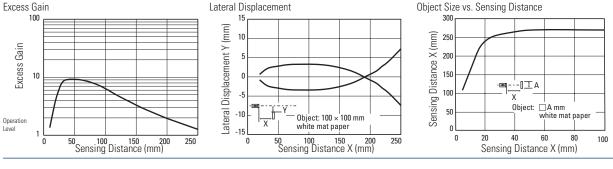
Sensing Distance (m)

# **Characteristics (Typical)**

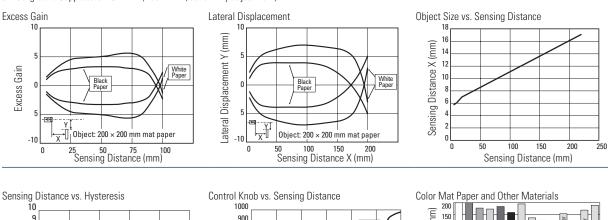
3. Diffuse-Reflective SA1E-D (Infrared LED w/sensitivity adjustment)

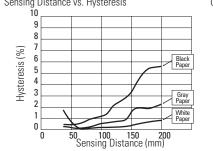


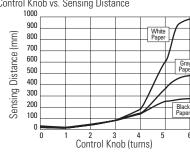
4. Small-beam Reflective SA1E-N (Red LED w/sensitivity adjustment)

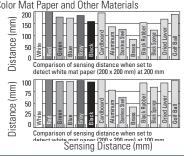


5. Background Suppression SA1E-B (Red LED w/sensitivity adjustment)





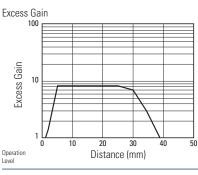


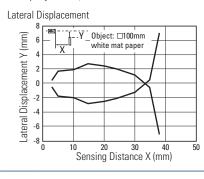


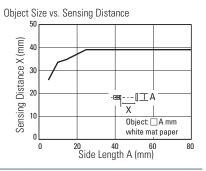
222

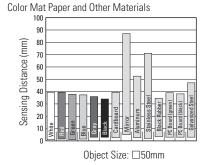
# **Characteristics (Typical)**

6. Convergent Reflective SA1E-G (Infrared LED w/sensitivity adjustment)









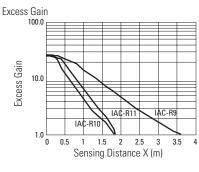
The graph on the left shows the sensing distances for different colors and materials and can be used as a reference when setting the distance. Because sensing distance depends on the object's size and surface condition, provide a sufficient distance.

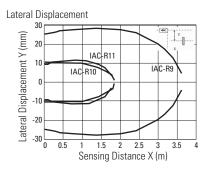
Note that consign may be affected by reflective.

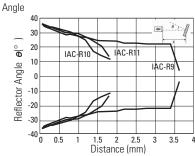
- Note that sensing may be affected by reflective object behind the sensing object.
- Referring to the graph on the left, provide a sufficient distance between the photoelectric switch and background.

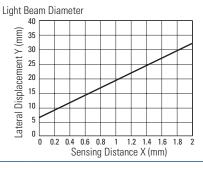
Object: Colour chips of colour standards according to JIS Z8721 (Non Glossy Edition)

# 7. Coaxial Polarized Retro-reflective SA1E-X









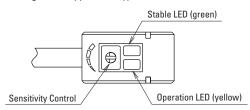
# **Safety Precautions**

Turn off power to the SA1E Miniature Photoelectric Switches before installation, removal, wiring, maintenance, and inspection. Failure to turn power off may cause electrical shock or fire hazard.

# Instructions

# 1. Indicator and Output Operation

(except for background suppression type)



	1.2 and over	Stable Incident	ON	ON	OFF	
Operation		Unstable Incident				
Level	1.0	Unstable Interruption	OFF	OFF	ON	
	0.8 and below	Stable Interruption	ON	UFF		

- The operation LED turns on (yellow) when the control output is on.
- The stable LED turns on (green) either at stable incident or stable interruption. Make sure to use the photoelectric switch after the stable operation is ensured.
- In the light ON operation, the output turns on when the receiving light intensity level is 1.0 or over as shown on the right.
- In the dark-ON operation, the output turns on when the receiving light intensity level is 1.0 or less as shown on the right.

# 2. Optical Axis Alignment (Light ON)

# Through-beam

Fasten the receiver temporarily. Place the projector to face the receiver. Move the projector up, down, right and left to find the range where the operation LED turns on. Fasten the projector in the middle of the range. Next, move the receiver up, down, right and left in the same manner and fasten in the middle of the range where the operation LED turns on. Make sure that stable LED turns on at stable incident and stable interruption.

# Polarized retroreflective

Install the reflector perpendicularly to the optical axis. Move the SA1E photoelectric switch up, down, right and left to find the range where the operation LED turns on. Fasten the switch in the middle of the range. Polarized retroreflective type can be installed also by finding the position where the reflection of projected red light is most intense, while observing the reflection on the reflector from behind the switch. Make sure that stable LED turns on at stable incident and stable interruption. Diffuse-reflective/Small-beam reflective/Convergent reflective
Place the SA1E photoelectric switch where the switch can detect the object.
Move the switch up, down, right and left to find the range where the operation
LED tuns on. Fasten the switch in the middle of the range. Make sure that stable
LED turns on at stable incident and stable interruption. Because the light source
element of small-beam reflective type is a red LED, visual inspection is possible
as well.

# 3. Sensitivity Adjustment

 Referring to the table to the right, adjust the sensitivity of the SA1E photoelectric switch when necessary, in such cases as the through-beam type is used to detect small or translucent objects or the reflective type is affected by background. The table explains the status of operation LED when the operation mode is set to light ON.

Sensors

- After adjusting the sensitivity, make sure that stable LED turns on at stable incident and stable interruption. For detecting objects too small to turn on the stable LED, use an optional slit.
- · Sensitivity is set to the maximum at the factory before shipment. When adjusting the sensitivity, use the screwdriver supplied with the SA1E photoelectric switch to turn the control as shown below, to a torque of 0.05 N·m maximum.

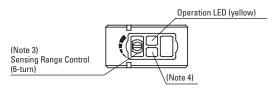
Step	Photoelectric Switch Status	Sensitivity Control	Adjusting Procedure
1	Receiving light  Through-beam, polarized reflective: No object detected  Diffuse reflective, small-beam reflective, convergent reflective: Object detected	max. min.	Turn the control counter- clockwise to the minimum. Then turn clockwise until the operation LED turns on (turns off with dark ON type) (point A).
2	Light is interrupted  Through-beam, polarized reflective: Object detected  Diffuse reflective, small-beam reflective, convergent reflective: No object detected	max. min.	At interruption status, turn the control clockwise from point A, until the operation LED turns on (turns off with dark ON type) (point B). If the operation LED does not turn on (turn off with dark ON type) even though the control has reached the maximum, set the maximum position as point B.
3	-	max. min.	Set the middle point between point A and B as point C.

# 4. Adjustment of Sensing Range for Background Suppression (BGS) Type

When adjusting the sensing range, follow the instructions below.

Step	Distance Control	Adjusting Procedure
1		Turn the control counter-clockwise to the minimum. Then turn clockwise until the operation LED turns on (turns off with dark ON type) (point A).
2	A B K	At interruption status, turn the control clockwise from point A, until the operation LED turns on (turns off with dark ON type) (point B).  If the operation LED does not turn on (turn off with dark ON type) even though the control has reached the maximum, set the maximum position as point B.
3	A C	Set the middle point between point A and B as point C.

- 1. When the background is far off and not detected, turn the control 360°, and set the point as point C.
- 2. Because the control is multi-turn, it may take more than one turn to move from point A to point B.



- 3. Turning the control clockwise lengthens the sensing distance.
- 4. Background suppression (BGS) type is not provided with a stable LED.

# 5. Power Supply and Wiring

- Do not use the SA1E photoelectric switch at the transient status immediately after turning on the power (approx. 100 ms, background suppression type: 200 ms). When the load and switch use different power supplies, make sure to power up the switch first.
- Use a power supply with little noise and inrush current, and use the photoelectric switch within the rated voltage range. Make sure that ripple factor is within the allowable limit. Do not apply AC voltage, otherwise the switch may blow out or burn.
- When using a switching power supply, make sure to ground the FG (frame ground) terminal, otherwise high-frequency noise may affect the photoelectric switch.
- Turn power off before inserting/removing the connector on photoelectric switch. Make sure that excessive mechanical force is not applied to the connector. Connect the connector cable to a tightening torque of 0.5 N·m maximum.
- To ensure the degree of protection, use the applicable connector cable for the connector type. Connector cables are ordered separately.
- Avoid parallel wiring with high-voltage or power lines in the same conduit, otherwise noise may cause malfunction and damage. When wiring is long, use a separate conduit for wiring.
- Use a cable of 0.3 mm<sup>2</sup> minimum core wires, then the cable can be extended up to 100m.



# 6. Installation Installing the Photoelectric Switch

 Do not install the SA1E photoelectric switches in an area where the switches are subject to the following conditions, otherwise malfunction and damage may be caused.

Inductive devices or heat source Extreme vibration or shock Large amount of dust Toxic gases Water, oil, chemicals Outdoor

- Make sure to prevent sunlight, fluorescent light, and especially the fluorescent light of inverters from entering the receiver of the photoelectric switch directly. Keep the through-beam type receiver away from intense extraneous light.
- Interference prevention allows two SA1E switches to be mounted in close proximity. However, the through-beam type is not equipped with interference prevention. Maintain appropriate distance between the switches referring to the lateral displacement characteristics on pages 218, 219, and 220.
- Because the SA1E photoelectric switches are IP67 waterproof, the SA1E can be exposed to water. However, wipe water drops and smears from the lens and slit using a soft cloth to make sure of the best detecting performance.
- Polycarbonate or acrylic resins are used for optical elements. Do not use ammonia or caustic soda for cleaning, otherwise optical elements will be dissolved. To remove dust and moisture build-up, use soft dry cloth.
- Tighten the mounting screws (M3) to a torque of 0.5 N·m. Do not tighten the
  mounting screws excessively or hit the switch with a hammer, otherwise the
  protection degree cannot be maintained.

# **Installing the Reflector**

- Use M4 mounting screws for the IAC-R5 reflector and M5 mounting screws for the IAC-R6 reflector. Tighten the mounting screws to a tightening torque of 0.5 N·m maximum. Mounting screws are not supplied with the switch.
- Use the M3 self-tapping screw, flat washer, and spring washer to tighten the IAC-R7 reflector to a torque of 0.5 to 0.6 N·m.
- While optional reflector mounting bracket IAC-L2 is not supplied with mounting screws or nuts, the IAC-L3 and IAC-L5 are supplied with mounting screws for mounting the reflector on the bracket.
- Reflector IAC-RS1 and IAC-RS2 can be installed directly on a flat surface using the adhesive tape attached to the back of the reflector. Before attaching the reflector, clean the board surface to ensure secure attachment.

# Installing the air blower mounting block SA9Z-A02

- When installing the SA9Z-A02 on the SA1E photoelectric switch, use the attached M3 × 20 mounting screws and tighten to a torque of 0.5 N·m maximum.
- Do not use the mounting screw (M3 × 12) supplied with the mounting bracket (SA9Z-K01) to mount the SA1E photoelectric switches.
- The SA9Z-A02 cannot be used with the through-beam slits (SA9Z-S06 to S14).
- The air tube fitting (M5) can be installed to either the top or side. The air tube is not supplied.
- Close the unused port using the supplied air supply port plugging screw and gasket to a tightening torque of 1 to 2 N·m maximum. The recommended air pressure is 0.1 to 0.3 MPa.

# Installing the background suppression (BGS) type

 This sensor can detect objects correctly when the sensor head is installed perpendicular to the moving object. Install the sensor head as shown below to minimize sensing errors.

